

# Tutorial 10

UNIVERSITY OF VICTORIA

CSC 320 - SPRING 2023

FOUNDATIONS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

Teaching Team

Learning Outcomes:

- Become familiar with NP Membership.
- Review and understand verifiers and certificates.
- Write proofs using reduction.

Interesting Article:

"An Improved Exact Algorithm for Minimum Dominating Set in Chordal Graphs" [1]

March 28th, 2023

## Question 10.01

### NP-Completeness - Polynomial Time Reductions

Given an input  $\langle G, k \rangle$  for Clique, where  $G = (V, E)$  is an undirected graph and  $k$  is a positive integer. Use reduction to prove the following:

Clique  $\leq_p$  Independent Set (IS)



## Question 10.02

### NP-Completeness - Polynomial Time Reductions

Given an input  $\langle G, k \rangle$  for IS, where  $G = (V, E)$  is an undirected graph and  $k$  is a positive integer. Use reduction to prove the following:

$$\text{Independent Set (IS)} \leq_p \text{Vertex Cover (VC)}$$



### Question 10.03

#### NP-Completeness - Polynomial Time Reductions

Let  $\langle G, k \rangle$ ,  $G = (V, E)$  and  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ , be an instance for VC. Use reduction to prove the following:

$$\text{Vertex Cover (VC)} \leq_p \text{Dominating Set (DS)}$$

for graphs without singletons.



## Question 10.04

### NP-Completeness - Polynomial Time Reductions

Given an input  $\langle G, k \rangle$  for VC, where  $G = (V, E)$  is an undirected graph and  $k$  is a positive integer. Use reduction to prove the following:

$$\text{Vertex Cover (VC)} \leq_p \text{Independent Set (IS)}$$





## Question 10.05

### NP-Completeness - Polynomial Time Reductions

Given an input  $\langle G, k \rangle$  for IS, where  $G = (V, E)$  is an undirected graph and  $k$  is a positive integer. Use reduction to prove the following:

Independent Set (IS)  $\leq_p$  Clique



## Question 10.06

### Membership in NP - Verifiers

We remember that Nondeterministic Polynomial Time (NP) is the set of languages for which there exists a polynomial time verifier. Thus, we can prove something is in NP by writing a verifier!

### Verifiers

Verifiers take a problem and a potential solution  $C$  and check if  $C$  is actually a solution or not.

Consider the problem **GraphColouring...**

## Question 10.07

### Membership in NP - Verifiers

Prove CLIQUE is in NP.

$$\text{CLIQUE} = \{\langle G, k \rangle \mid G \text{ is a graph, } k \in \mathbb{Z}, k \geq 0.\}$$

where there is a clique of at least size  $k$  in  $G$ .



## Question 10.08

### Membership in NP - Verifiers

Prove INDSET is in NP.

$$\text{INDSET} = \{\langle G, k \rangle \mid G \text{ is a graph, } k \in \mathbb{Z}, k \geq 0.\}$$

where there is an independent set of at least  $k$  in  $G$ .





# Bibliography

- [1] F. N. Abu-Khzam, “An improved exact algorithm for minimum dominating set in chordal graphs,” *Information Processing Letters*, vol. 174, p. 106 206, 2022, ISSN: 0020-0190. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ipl.2021.106206>. [Online]. Available: <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0020019021001216>.